A

REVIEW

OFTHE

STATE

OF THE

BRITISH NATION.

Tuesday, September 23. 1707.

ND did I not please you, Gentlemen, when I told you, Thoulon would not be easily taken, nor the French easily beaten? Much less shall I please you now, when I tell you perhaps a little too plainly the Reasons of your Disappointments. I know, this is an Age that cares not to hear plain, course and unpleasant Truth; but ye say to your Prophets, Prophesse to us smooth things. But really, Gentlemen, I am none of those Prophets, nor will you be troubled with Flatteries and Compliments from me; I fear no Man's Anger, and court no Man's Favour; I desire to speak the Words of Truth and Soberness, and if they may but serve to open your deluded Eyes, I care not who they offend.

GOD has, in his wonderful Providence, and by a long Series of differing Circum-

frances, exercised this Nation with a violent, a bloody, an expensive; and a ruinous War; the Necessity was apparent, the Cause just and honourable; and tho' with infinite Hazards, Losses, Disasters, Ups and Downs, yet we have seen the proud Arm of our mighty Enemy stay'd, and his haughty Hand humbled to a great Degree, and tis not a Year ago since we thought, we say thorough this Work, and we thought of this War, as the Disciples going to Emaus thought of our Saviour, That it should be be that foould have redeemed lirael.

Now, not to run much into the Divinity of our Case, for I know you will not care to be preach'd to in Print—Our Divines lay, GOD never delivers a Nation, but he makes them fit for their Deliverance—Come, Gentlemen, you see, our Deliverance

has feem'd to run back upon us this Year, you won't like a long one; Look back, ye wife our Victories have been unravell'd, our Conquest ravish'd from us, our Projects blafted, and our Enemies have over-run us, just when we promised our selves the Bitserness of Death was past, the worst of the War over, and that having the Bnemy under Foot, now we had nothing to do but to trample upon him. Shall I now obtain of you to look back with Me into our Conduct, and see if we cannot find some National Reason for all this, and see if we can propose any National Remedy, for things must not remain thus?

First, I must tell you, you were too much puffed up with the Flux of Successes, and being furprized with Joys, which you had not been used to, you knew not how to make a modeft Use of them And this, whether you will take it for Divinity or Policy, has been too much the Chafe of

our present Discouragement.

I might go upon the just Improvement of this Thought, by telling you how little you have afcrib'd vour Successes to Divine Goodnels, but have facrifized to your Sword and your Bow, and have idoliz'd your Prince Eugene and Duke of Savoy, as if nothing that Prince Eugene undertook, could miscarry! How often have I heard our Politicians promising themselves Thoulon, on no other Confidence, than because Prince Eugene undertook it- That he would not have undertook any, thing that could mifcarry; that his Judgment, his Conduct, his Reputation infoir of the Soldiers, and made one Man as good as three; that his very Name was terrible to the French, and they durff not look him in the Face; that he always was too hard for the French, and he could not fall- And in all this, we thould not have one Word of the GOD of War. speaking in a Christian Stile, not a Syllable of the mighty Arm of invilible Power - Not a Syllable of infertiable Providence, with whom the Race is not so the Swift, nor the Battle to the Strong.

And now your own Follies have reprev a you, your presumptuous Dependance upon Agents and Infirtiments has caused you to bluth, and you are confounded in the Surprize. The tife of this is thort, for I know. Men, upon your Wildom, and fee, how Heaven has laught you to fcorn in your Confidences; how GOD has let you see. that what you gave to a weak Man, was only referv'd in his Hand, and he has deny'd you that Success, which you deny'd him the Disposal of.

Nor is this true in Divinity only, but in Policy also; and here let us enquire; not who contriv'd the Adions in that Part of the World, but how they were contriv'd: and what shall we say to invading Naples, and invading Provence, while the naked Parts of the Confederacy on the Rhine, in Catalognia and Portugal, were so left unguarded, that the Enemy has fadly made themselves Amends there, and retriev'd their Honour, encourag'd their Men, recruited their Troops, remounted their Cavalry, and replenished their Coffers, and

And all this while we have been flattering our felyes with the Hopes of one Enterprize, which had it succeeded, would have indeed finished the reft, and made Sausfaction for the reft; but in Policy, the other ought to have been first provided for; and then if the Invafion of Provence had been practicable, it might have been ra-

tionally attempted:

all out of our Spoils.

And all this came from the Pride of Vi-Story. The Battle of Turin made you believe, the whole War was in your own Hands; that you might push at any thing, and that nothing was too great to undertake, and no Disparity of Forces too great to fight upon! No Vice is so blind as Pride, it shuts the Eyes of whole Nations, and permits them not to fee their own Dangers; it runs them upon innumerable Precipices. hurries them on to immediate Deftruction. It was meer Pride made you fo fecure of Thoulan, and no Man could be heard, that would but tell you it was possible to be defended -- How, Thoulon not be taken! Tis impossible! Cry'd the mighty Men of Politicks, and what was the Reason assigned? - Why, Prince Eugene is there, the Great Prince Eugene, the Invincible Prince Eugene-He must take it, 'tis impossible to milcarry-And now what's become of Prince THE SHEET

Eugene? It is true, he is a great Man, and aMan, and that they rob him of his Honour I have a high Value for him. He is a Great-A Great what, a Great Man; nead itugain; Gontlemen-A Great MAN! He is but a Man however Great- 'Tis reno, he is a Great Man, and if he had not, the Siege of Thoulon had not been rais'd as it was : i had not been rais'd fo foon, and the Army brought off so well; a rather and less Politick Man than he, would have flay'd till his Army had been ruin'd, and made a broken Retreat of it-But he is but. Man. and now you are made to fee, 'tis not a Man, 'tis not the Reputation of a Name, 'tis not the Wildom or Policy of one Man could carry such an Attempt as this; and thus your Pride and puff't up Temerity have run you upon Disappointments.

You have now Leifure to rectifie your Thoughts; expect this War to go un, as it has always done, by Inches, by little and little; and if you will have Patience, and go on hand in hand with Providence, it may at last iffue well; but if you will have every Defign prosper your own way, if you will fancy Names and Terrors will carry Towns, and that the former Victories will hatch the future, you must expect to be difap. pointed, and may ruin the whole Confederacy by the Prefumption; if you will depend npon the Reputation, or Management, or Conduct of this or that Great Man; GOD will thow you, that they are but Men ____ And to this I must tell

you a Story.

The great, the famous, and bus by King William, the inimitable Gustavus Adolabus, King of Sweden, another Sert of a Hero than what now fills that Throne, passing through Saxony, to the fatal Battle of Luzgen, and feeing the People thronging to him, as to their Deliverer from the bloody Imperialiffs, and hearing their Acclamations, particularly some of the Cuizeus of Leiplick- Whole Excelles of Joy sarry'd them out to some Extravagances, and whose City was then in the Hands of the Emony-The King with a deep Sigh, and something of a fore-boding Prophetick Intimation to himfelf, faid to those about him, 'I doub, I 'doubt, fays he. GOD will punish these Peoples Excesses, by letting them see, I am tut "in their Deliverance-And the next Day his Prediction was made good upon himfelf, fumperwas hilled in the first of the Battle. and yet the Victory was won; to that GOD Amighey memed them, their Delinerante was from Him alone, and that he could both give them the Victory they wanted, and yet take away the Inftroment they idelized. Apply the Story your felves, Gentlemen, the Reference is plain.

Nor do I at all tesson Prince Eugene in this; he has done great things, and has seemed the most quallify'd General for matching the French, that this Age has produced on that side the World; but when you come to depend upon Infruments, you fee how the Providence of GOD, which governs the World, throws Dire upon their Glory, and causes the knomy they triumphed over to trample upon them. And now

you are discouraged!

I tell you, your Discouragements proceed from these senceles Dependencies; for those that build upon the Foundation of Personal Confidences, are always the readieft to despair. Because as they did not look into the Reasons and Nature of Circumflances, when they build their rhodomontading, bluffring Hopes, fo neither do they confult the Reasons and Causes of things in the Disappointments : and this makes them rife and fall all in Briremes, and by Wholefale; 'tis true; not as to Providence only, but as to the rational Conduct of Mankind, and the Management of all the great things in the World.

Imagely this to the Calent Flouden Did thefe Gentlemen examine the State of things in Probencey they would hair up Reason to be matter fach metanchely Apprehensions at the Milicanniage? Did they fee, that Circumstances falling in contrasy so Brpeptitian, it was an immadicable thing to carry on the Siege v that he Town in the While in its Circum kamens over vers taken. -Fhon: would they look hitle, and put the referes in Mind, beathe Enough is kill inferiour, that the there may have been foma Lofs, nothing like what she Edeach saunts make it; yet the Army it whole and entire, will with Bafe be recruited dose

yat face the French in the Field, and will not be wanting to feek an Opportunity to revenge the Differace supposed to be put

upon them.

Let these Considerations be call into the Ballance, and let us compare what they are now, to what they had been, if it had prov'd a long and as a bloody Siege, and we have great Cause to be pleas'd; and thankful, and hopeful in our present Conditions

Now King Charles may be affifted, the Rhine defended, Bavaria kept, and the Imperial Armies employ'd—Had this Siege been carry'd on, and the Confederates been batter'd before it———They had spent their Strength and Treasure here, and the French had made Havock in those Places by

Way of Divertion.

For Shame, Gentlemen, vonchafe to concern Providence in these Adions, and remember, he can bring Meat out of this Eater; he can make Good come out of this Evil; he can give you the Equivalent for Thoulan, and can give you such Successes whereways, as may cause you to give Thanks; that the Siege was rais'd. Never therefore be discourag'd, we may live to see the raising this Siege was equal to a Vistory, and the Army being maintain'd in its Strength and Vigour, may meet with Opportunities they could not have expected.

Memorandum.

I receiv'd a Letter last Post from a Gentleman, who thinks he has banter'd me in it, intimating, that I having a Familiar, that distates the Review, I should tell him how what Prince Eugene and the Duke of I saver will do next

Another writes to me, equally thinking he had me at an Advantage; that as I talk much of Equivalents on the French fide, in Cafe Thousan was taken, I would now tell them, where the Confederates shall get an Equivalent for Thousan, now they have lost to—These Centlemen have both this Missortune, what I had answer'd their Letters believe I receiv'd them; but to add a Word for two so them, which perhaps may be Prophestick, and which they may think of when they see it failfield; I shall be a little

positive upon them; and since I must be said to deal with the D-l, I shall assure them. 'tis such a D-l as they will not be pleas'd with— Now, let my Inspiration be what is will, my Answers are direct.

1. Sir, Prince Eugene and the Duke of Savoy will do n'ext, what You nor your Friends will not be pleas'd with, and in a manner you will not rejoyce in.

2. This War will not end without many Equivalents for Thoulon, and that even on the very same side of the World, where this Scene has been acted.

And of this I am so positive, that I shall very suddenly descend to Particulars, perhaps some such as may surprize you, at least they will when you shall see them executed.

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† † She lives at the Golden-Ball in Hand Court, over against great Turn-

Gile in Holborn.